

# Banco Santander, S.A. Hong Kong Branch

(A public limited liability company incorporated in Spain)

## **Financial Disclosure Statement**

For the year ended 31 December 2020



## BANCO SANTANDER, S.A. HONG KONG BRANCH

(A public limited liability company incorporated in Spain)

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### **Unaudited Income Statement**

	Note	For the yea 31 Dec 2020 HK\$'000	ar ended 31 Dec 2019 HK\$'000
Interest income		903,107	1,213,924
Interest expense		(674,193)	(1,298,882)
Other operating income			
- Gains less losses arising from trading in foreign currencies		226,819	572,166
- Gains less losses arising on securities held for trading purpos	es	475	*
- Gains less losses from other trading activities		(689)	(18,091)
- Net fees and commission income	1	112,391	110,204
- Others		90,687	22,824
Total operating income		658,597	602,145
Operating expenses			
- Staff expenses		(413,494)	(393,894)
- Rental expenses		(37,294)	(37,896)
- Other expenses		(167,324)	(144,243)
(Charge) / Release of impairment allowances for loans and other exposures		(30,666)	194
Gains less losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment		<u> </u>	(3)
Total operating expenses		(648,778)	(575,842)
Profit before taxation		9,819	26,303
Tax expense		(16,220)	(19,527)
Profit / (loss) after taxation		(6,401)	6,776



### **Unaudited Balance Sheet**

	Note	31 Dec 2020 HK\$'000	30 Jun 2020 HK\$'000
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with banks (except those included in amount due from overseas offices)		2,272,215	3,862,248
Due from Exchange Fund		25,575	7,460
Placement with banks which have a residual contractual maturity of more than one month but not more than 12 months (except those included in amount due from overseas offices)	÷	4,800,229	8,388,642
Amount due from overseas offices		22,308,508	18,483,833
Trade bills		4,205,425	3,311,385
Securities held for trading purposes		**	4,327,807
Loans and receivables	2	27,821,997	40,986,234
Investment securities		12,821,986	6,196,455
Property, plant and equipment		78,109	93,718
TOTAL ASSETS		74,334,044	85,657,782
LIABILITIES			
Deposits and balances from banks (except those included in amount due to overseas offices)		1,545,735	7,853,867
Due to Exchange Fund		2	3,100,180
Deposits from customers			
- demand deposits and current accounts		237,452	14,027
- savings deposits		1,055,073	467,341
- time, call and notice deposits		1,459,562	2,163,395
Amount due to overseas offices		54,231,918	44,043,623
Certificates of deposit issued		9,504,020	23,251,350
Accrued interest, other liabilities and provisions		6,300,284	4,763,999
TOTAL LIABILITIES		74,334,044	85,657,782



### **Unaudited Supplementary Information**

1.	Net fees and commission income	For the s	ear ended
		31 Dec 2020 HK\$'000	31 Dec 2019 HK\$'000
		11K\$ 000	11120 000
	Gross fees and commission income	159,383	153,082
	Gross fees and commission expenses	(46,992)	(42,878)
	Net fees and commission income	112,391	110,204
2.	Loans and receivables	31 Dec 2020 HK\$'000	30 Jun 2020 HK\$'000
	Loans and advances to customers (note 8)	23,090,903	37,475,136
	Accrued interest and other accounts	4,765,315	3,525,497
		27,856,218	41,000,633
	Impairment allowances - Stage 1	(10,131)	(14,399)
	- Stage 2	(24,090)	
		27,821,997	40,986,234

### 3. Impaired loans and advances

4. Derivative transactions

There were no impaired loans and advances to customers or banks as at 31 December 2020 and 30 June 2020.

# | 31 Dec 2020 | 30 Jun 2020 | HK\$'000 | Nominal amounts | 273,222,853 | 485,204,913

- Interest rate derivative contracts 42,216,268 51,975,949



### 4. Derivative transactions (continued) 31 Dec 2020 30 Jun 2020 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 Fair value assets 3,807,262 2,111,808 - Exchange rate-related derivative contracts 1,070,273 849,397 - Interest rate derivative contracts Fair value liabilities 2,121,322 3,819,699 - Exchange rate-related derivative contracts 1,107,190 889,205 - Interest rate derivative contracts

The above derivative assets and liabilities, being the positive or negative marked-to-market value of the respective derivative contracts, represent gross replacement costs. They do not take into account the effects of bilateral netting arrangements.

5.	Off-bal	lance	sheet	exposures

On-parance sheet exposures	31 Dec 2020 HK\$'000	30 Jun 2020 HK\$'000
Contractual amounts		
- Direct credit substitutes	1,850,182	1,853,245
- Transaction-related contingencies	1,461,795	1,219,191
- Trade-related contingencies	2,417,549	2,617,820
- Other commitments	44,626,719	33,005,484
- Others (forward forward deposits placed)	=	2,293,444



### 6. International claims

International claims refer to exposures to counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any recognized risk transfer. Only countries constituting 10% or more of our total international claims are disclosed as follows:

			Non-bank priv	ate sector		
HK\$ million	Banks	Official sector	Non-bank financial institutions	Non- financial private sector	Others	Total
As at 31 Dec 2020						
Developed countries	22,771	10,722		1,444		34,937
Of which: Spain	22,432	820	=	100	353	22,432
Japan	7	10,722	*	(=	25	10,729
Offshore centres	501		2,455	13,804		16,760
Of which: Hong Kong	497	:=:	2,455	10,799	8.5	13,751
Developing Asia and Pacific	9,948		1,964	2,742	) <del>(2</del> )	14,654
Of which: China	9,946	341	1,964	2,742	i.e.	14,652
			Non bonk pri	vata sector		
		14	Non-bank pri			
HK\$ million	Banks	Official sector	Non-bank pri  Non-bank  financial  institutions	Non- financial private sector	Others	Total
HK\$ million As at 30 Jun 2020	Banks	=	Non-bank financial	Non- financial private	Others	Total
As at 30 Jun 2020		sector	Non-bank financial	Non- financial private sector	Others	
As at 30 Jun 2020  Developed countries	20,816	=	Non-bank financial	Non- financial private	5	29,594
As at 30 Jun 2020		sector	Non-bank financial	Non- financial private sector		
As at 30 Jun 2020  Developed countries  Of which: Spain  Japan	20,816 19,188	7,835	Non-bank financial	Non- financial private sector	5	29,594 19,188 8,100 27,230
As at 30 Jun 2020  Developed countries  Of which: Spain	20,816 19,188 265	7,835	Non-bank financial institutions	Non- financial private sector	5 5 5	29,594 19,188 8,100
As at 30 Jun 2020  Developed countries  Of which: Spain  Japan  Offshore centres	20,816 19,188 265 1,326	7,835 7,835 556	Non-bank financial institutions	Non- financial private sector	5 5 5	29,594 19,188 8,100 27,230



### 7. Gross loans and advances to customers by geographical areas

Analysis of gross amount of loans and advances to customers by major countries or geographical segments in accordance with the location of the counterparties, after taking into account any recognized risk transfer. In general, risk transfer applies when the loans and advances are guaranteed by a party in a country which is different from that of the customer. Major countries constituting 10% or more of our total gross amount of advances are disclosed as follows:

	<b>31</b> ]	Dec 2020	30 J	un 2020
	HK\$'000	% to total advances to customers	HK\$'000	% to total advances to customers
Gross amount of advances				
<ul><li>Hong Kong</li><li>China</li><li>Others</li></ul>	13,480,753 4,692,151 4,917,999	58.38% 20.32% 21.30%	22,215,127 10,897,499 4,362,510	59.28% 29.08% 11.64%
	23,090,903	100.00%	37,475,136	100.00%
Overdue or impaired loans	<u> </u>			



### 8. Sector information

Analysis of gross advances to customers and the percentage of secured advances classified into following industry categories:

	31 De	% of gross advances covered by collateral or	30 Ju	% of gross advances covered by collateral or
	HK\$'000	other security	HK\$'000	other security
Loans and advances for use in Hong Kong - Industrial, commercial & financial				
- Financial concerns	1,240,536	100%	( <b>a</b> )	*
- Wholesale and retail trade	1,046,512	₩.	1,456,490	₹:
- Manufacturing	211,615	==	496,922	2
- Others	560,134	<u>ĝ</u>	852,549	¥
	3,058,797		2,805,961	
Trade Finance	8,657,358	3.78%	9,893,962	0.28%
Loans and advances for use outside Hong Kong	11,374,748	ш	24,775,213	0.61%
Gross loans and advances to customers (note 2)	23,090,903		37,475,136	

### 9. Overdue or rescheduled assets

As at 31 December 2020 and 30 June 2020, there were no loans and advances to customers or other assets which were overdue for more than three months, nor were there any rescheduled assets.

### 10. Repossessed assets

There were no repossessed assets held as at 31 December 2020 and 30 June 2020.



### 11. Non-bank Mainland exposures

The following Mainland exposures to non-bank counterparties are prepared in accordance with the completion instructions for Return of Mainland Activities issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

Ту	pes of Counterparties	On-balance sheet exposure HK\$ million	Off-balance sheet exposure HK\$ million	Total HK\$ million
As	at 31 Dec 2020			
1.	Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	13,246	2,386	15,632
2.	Local governments, local government- owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	1,109	417	1,526
3.	PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	2,312	249	2,561
4.	Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	378	512	890
5.	Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	=	-	( <del>-</del>
6.	PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	2	~	:-
7.	Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	<b>-</b> 0	• ·	
То	otal	17,045 ======	3,564	20,609
To	otal assets after provision	74,330		
Or	n-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	22.93%		



### 11. Non-bank Mainland exposures (continued)

Ту	pes of Counterparties	On-balance sheet exposure HK\$ million	Off-balance sheet exposure HK\$ million	Total HK\$ million
As	s at 30 Jun 2020			
1.	Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	31,149	2,985	34,134
2.	Local governments, local government- owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	1,457	17	1,474
3.	PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	506	351	857
4.	Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	1,115	214	1,329
5.	Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	~	<del>-</del> -1	. 1
6.	PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	ж)	æy.	-
7.	Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures		; <del>e</del> 5	
Т	otal	34,227	3,567	37,794
1	J. W. 1			======
To	otal assets after provision	85,656		
O	n-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	39.96% ======		



### 12. Currency risk

The net positions or net structural positions in foreign currencies are disclosed when each currency constitutes 10% or more of the respective total net position or total net structural position in all foreign currencies.

HK\$ million	CNY	USD	JPY	Others	Total
As at 31 Dec 2020					
Spot assets	1,750	42,392	11,100	16,654	71,896
Spot liabilities	(322)	(50,672)	(10,720)	(11,601)	(73,315)
Forward purchases	68,735	174,165	15,809	37,532	296,241
Forward sales	(70,314)	(165,591)	(16,130)	(42,649)	(294,684)
Net option position	· ·	-	2	:=:	=
		-			:
Net long (short) position	(151)	294	59	(64)	138
71-1	======		_=====	======	
Net structural position	5#	5	3. <del>5.</del>	( <del>2</del> )	5
-	======		_=====	======	
HK\$ million	CNY	USD	JPY	Others	Total
HK\$ million  As at 30 Jun 2020	CNY	USD	JPY	Others	Total
As at 30 Jun 2020	<b>CNY</b> 1,168	<b>USD</b> 52,677	7,892	21,664	83,401
		52,677 (65,913)	7,892 (4,104)	21,664 (15,128)	83,401 (85,278)
As at 30 Jun 2020 Spot assets	1,168 (133) 90,720	52,677 (65,913) 210,382	7,892 (4,104) 44,357	21,664 (15,128) 57,343	83,401 (85,278) 402,802
As at 30 Jun 2020 Spot assets Spot liabilities	1,168 (133)	52,677 (65,913)	7,892 (4,104)	21,664 (15,128)	83,401 (85,278)
As at 30 Jun 2020 Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases	1,168 (133) 90,720	52,677 (65,913) 210,382	7,892 (4,104) 44,357	21,664 (15,128) 57,343	83,401 (85,278) 402,802
As at 30 Jun 2020 Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales	1,168 (133) 90,720	52,677 (65,913) 210,382	7,892 (4,104) 44,357	21,664 (15,128) 57,343	83,401 (85,278) 402,802
As at 30 Jun 2020 Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales	1,168 (133) 90,720	52,677 (65,913) 210,382	7,892 (4,104) 44,357	21,664 (15,128) 57,343	83,401 (85,278) 402,802
As at 30 Jun 2020 Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales Net option position	1,168 (133) 90,720 (91,866)	52,677 (65,913) 210,382 (196,455)	7,892 (4,104) 44,357 (48,146)	21,664 (15,128) 57,343 (63,889)	83,401 (85,278) 402,802 (400,356) ————————————————————————————————————
As at 30 Jun 2020 Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales Net option position	1,168 (133) 90,720 (91,866)	52,677 (65,913) 210,382 (196,455)	7,892 (4,104) 44,357 (48,146)	21,664 (15,128) 57,343 (63,889)	83,401 (85,278) 402,802 (400,356)

Delta equivalent approach method is used to calculate net options position of the Branch.



### 13. Liquidity information disclosures

### i. Liquidity maintenance ratio ("LMR")

For the quarter ended 31 Dec 2020 31 Dec 2019

Average LMR for the financial period

56.81%

45.83%

The average liquidity maintenance ratio is the simple average of each month's average liquidity maintenance ratio for the reporting period. Liquidity maintenance ratio is calculated in accordance with the guidelines of the HKMA and the Banking (Liquidity) Rules.

The liquidity information disclosure is also available under section "Shareholders and Investors" on Banco Santander S.A.'s website at www.santander.com.

### ii Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk comprises the risk of the Banco Santander, S.A. Hong Kong Branch (the "Branch") not being able to fund increases in its assets or meet obligations as they fall due without incurring unacceptable losses. Liquidity risk identification, measurement, monitoring and control for the Branch are commensurate with the limited scope of our business and its role as the funding center in Asia-Pacific.

Risk Management Policies and the Risk Tolerance are set at the Head Office level. This risk tolerance is transmitted to the Branch level by the setting of individual branch liquidity gap measures, other liquidity metrics, and controls.

### Governance

The Santander approach to risk management is committee-based for all decisions. The Branch has a Finance Forum, responsible for the management of assets, liabilities, commitments and contingent liabilities of the Branch. Its role is to ensure that the management of the risk profile and liquidity profile of the Branch is carried on within the approved limits and policies. Finance Forum formulates and approves on a yearly basis a strategic funding plan for the Branch. The plan is regularly reviewed to take into account of projected balance sheet growth and liquidity sources. The Branch also has an Asia SCIB Executive Risk Forum ("APAC ERF"), responsible for approving risk documents and limits, including but not limited to, those related to liquidity. The support units assigned with to identify, measure and monitor risks are independent of the business origination functions. Asia Pacific Market & Structural Risk is responsible for the monitoring of liquidity risks. Accounting and Control area is responsible for the calculation of the liquidity maintenance ratios and provides all the relevant data on balance sheet in order to closely monitor the daily liquidity situations. Financial Management designs and executes funding strategies in accordance with the Branch Liquidity Risk Management Standards. The management of daily liquidity position is delegated to Global Market department.



### 13. Liquidity information disclosures (continued)

### ii. Liquidity risk management (continued)

Liquidity metrics reporting

The Branch has put in place a set of metrics and monitoring tools to measure and identify its liquidity risk. Daily monitoring of LMR and LMR projections are done by the Accounting and Control area. In addition, Asia Pacific Market & Structural Risk team prepares daily and monthly liquidity monitoring reports including liquidity gap, liquidity asset buffer, liquidity stress testing, intraday liquidity stress testing, liquidity coverage ratio, and net stable funding ratio, etc. which are submitted for review in Finance Forum and APAC ERF.

### Stress testing

Monthly stress tests are carried out in order to identify sources of potential liquidity strain, monitor liquidity exposures and assess impact of future liquidity stresses on the Branch's cash flows, liquidity position, profitability and solvency. These scenarios cover institution-specific, market-wide stress scenarios and a combination of both. The design of the stress test is adequate to the Branch business scope and funding structure and will be reviewed on a yearly basis along with the Liquidity Risk Management Manual to ensure its effectiveness.

Results of the stress tests are reported to APAC ERF and Finance Forum, and are considered in the Branch's strategic funding plan and the formulation of the Contingency Funding Plan.

### Funding and market access

The aim is to maintain a self-funding posture to the greatest extent possible, as long as it contributes to greater efficiency of interest expense and liquidity management at Santander group level. However, as a full branch of Banco Santander S.A., the Head Office is always ready as a source of funding for the Branch in times of stress. The Branch actively pursues funding from different market sources and Finance Forum reviews the liabilities compositions monthly to ensure that funding concentrations are managed to a minimum with the constraints of the business model.

### Maintenance of liquidity cushion

The Branch holds a liquidity cushion to cope with liquidity needs at all times, including during periods of stress. The composition of the Branch's liquidity cushion consists of cash and high quality marketable securities issued or guaranteed by sovereigns. Currently the Branch holds Hong Kong Exchange Fund Bills (HKD) and Japan Government Bond (JPY) for these purposes.

### Contingency Funding Plan ("CFP")

The Branch maintains a framework to monitor and respond to potential liquidity problems. The objective is to define a series of liquidity risk triggers, critical events and the appropriate response by the Branch to these warnings. The CFP prescribes possible courses of action with defined roles and responsibilities to address any stress situations and prepare the Branch for additional funding pressures should they develop. The CFP will be reviewed on at least an annual basis by Finance Forum and it is validated by Santander headquarters in order to ensure its consistency with other entities within the group.



# iii. Liquidity gap

The table below analyses the on- and off-balance sheet items of the Branch, broken down into maturity buckets and the resultant liquidity gaps:

HK\$ million As at 31 Dec 2020	Total	Next day	2 to 7 days	8 days to 1 month	>1 month up to 3 months	>3 months up to 6 months	>6 months up to 1 year	>1 year up to 2 years	>2 years up to 3 years	>3 years up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Balancing amount
Amount receivable arising from derivative contracts  Cash and due from banks  Trada hills	4,204 29,433	546 1,268	54,347 11,329	28,427 5,133	173,439 4,914	26,182 4,607 788	27,898 800 53	6,107	1,037	3,351	160	6.60
Debt securities held Loans and advances to customers Other assets	4,203 12,822 22,969 129	12,822 204	94	5,536	8,765 14	2,720	2,631	755	1,467	148	649	106
Total on-balance sheet assets	73,762	14,840	65,882	39,810	189,670	34,297	31,382	8,177	2,580	3,499	808	106
Total off-balance sheet claims	23,260	7,753	15,507			•	•	• 1		I	•	•
Deposits from customers Amount payable arising from derivative contracts	2,753	1,293	293	28,432	402	26,259	27,902	6,179	1,038	3,352	171	K K
Due to banks Debt securities issued Other liabilities and reserves	55,778 9,504 1,471	1,100	5,574	10,391 3,101 15	25,828 6,403 120	12,069	62	739	54	32	63	1,034
Total on-balance sheet liabilities Total off-balance sheet obligations	73,762	2,887	60,202	42,117	206,176	38,930	27,964	6,983	1,092	3,384	311	1,034
Contractual maturity mismatch Cumulative contractual maturity mismatch		19,706	22,241	(3,013)	(17,567)	(4,665) ===== (3,004)	3,418	1,194	3,096	3,211	498	



iii. Liquidity gap (continued)

HK\$ million As at 31 Dec 2019	Total amount	Next day	2 to 7 days	8 days to 1 month	>1 month up to 3 months	>3 months up to 6 months	>6 months up to 1 year	>1 year up to 2 years	>2 years up to 3 years	>3 years up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Balancing amount
Amount receivable arising from derivative contracts Cash and due from banks Trade bills Debt securities held Loans and advances to customers Other assets	2,610 25,102 1,193 9,705 20,189 136	35,801 9,249 4 9,705	31,952 2,277 28 1,657	39,491 4,847 442 6,473	103,222 2,629 491 2,063	84,248 4,772 203 1,187	31,835 779 25 - 4,153	11,794	99 471 352	1,772	41 782	118
Total on-balance sheet assets Total off-balance sheet claims	58,935  35,649	54,983 20,076	35,914	51,262	108,405	90,410	36,792	14,052	922	2,899	823	118
Deposits from customers Amount payable arising from derivative contracts Due to banks Debt securities issued Other liabilities and reserves	390 2,207 54,928 1,410	351 35,634 806	31,932	39,423 21,122 = 25	103,071 11,875	84,190 10,757	31,846 9,260 -	11,818	98 703	1,752	57 78	1,030
Total on-balance sheet liabilities Total off-balance sheet obligations	58,935	36,791	32,263	60,609	115,052	94,956	41,137	11,874	852	1,850	135	1,030
Contractual maturity mismatch Cumulative contractual maturity mismatch		37,813	2,612	(21,648)	(8,589)  10,188	(4,549) ===== 5,639	(4,357) ===== 1,282	3,455	3,525	1,049	5,262	



### 14. Disclosure on remuneration

Pursuant to section 3 of Supervisory Policy Manual (CG-5) Guideline on a Sound Remuneration System issued by the HKMA, Banco Santander, S.A. Hong Kong Branch complies with the requirements and has adopted the remuneration systems of Banco Santander, S.A. Head Office. Please refer to the 2020 Annual Report of Banco Santander, S.A. for details.

### **Group Consolidated Financial Information**

Capital and capital adequacy	31 Dec 2020	30 Jun 2020
Capital ratio (Basel III)		
CET1 capital ratio Tier 1 capital ratio Total capital ratio	12.34% 13.95% 16.18%	11.84% 13.48% 15.48%
	EUR Million	EUR Million
Total equity	91,322	91,859
Other financial information	31 Dec 2020 EUR Million	30 Jun 2020 EUR Million
Total assets Total liabilities Total advances to customers Total customer deposits	1,508,250 1,416,928 916,199 849,310	1,572,881 1,481,022 934,796 846,832
	For the 31 Dec 2020 EUR Million	year ended 31 Dec 2019 EUR Million
Pre-tax profit / (loss)	(2,076)	12,543



### **Statement of Compliance**

This Disclosure Statement has been prepared in accordance with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules and the disclosure standards as stated in the Hong Kong Monetary Authority's Supervisory Policy Manual on "Guideline on the Application of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules". To the best of my knowledge, the disclosure is not false or misleading in any material respect.

**Derek James Gibson** 

Alternate Chief Executive

Banco Santander, S.A. Hong Kong Branch

(A public limited liability company incorporated in Spain)