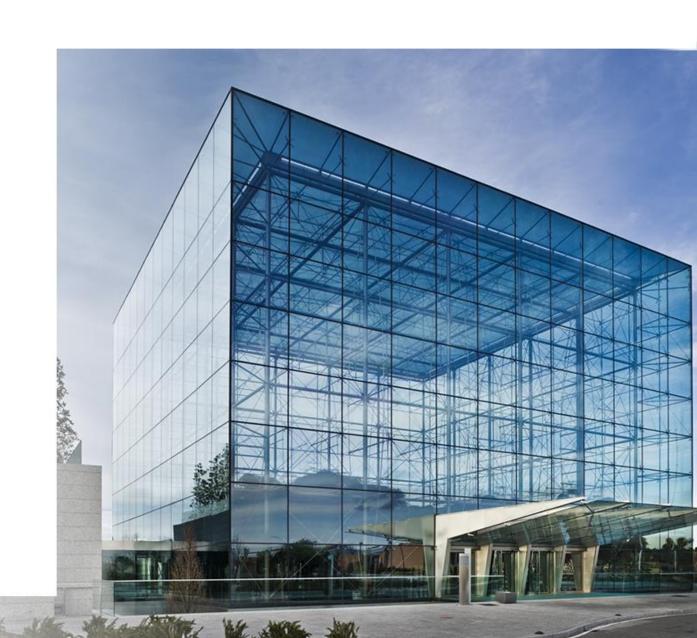
FIXED INCOME INVESTORS PRESENTATION

Here to help you prosper





Important information

Non-IFRS and alternative performance measures

This presentation contains, in addition to the financial information prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and derived from our financial statements, alternative performance measures ("APMs") as defined in the Guidelines on Alternative Performance Measures issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) on 5 October 2015 (ESMA/2015/1415en) and other non-IFRS measures ("Non-IFRS Measures"). These financial measures that qualify as APMs and non-IFRS measures have been calculated with information from Santander Group; however those financial measures are not defined or detailed in the applicable financial reporting framework nor have been audited or reviewed by our auditors. We use these APMs and non-IFRS measures when planning, monitoring and evaluating our performance. We consider these APMs and non-IFRS measures to be useful metrics for our management and investors to compare operating performance between accounting periods, as these measures exclude items outside the ordinary course performance of our business, which are grouped in the "management adjustment" line and are further detailed in Section 3.2 of the Economic and Financial Review in our Directors' Report included in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended 31 December 2020. Nonetheless, these APMs and non-IFRS measures should be considered supplemental information to, and are not meant to substitute IFRS measures. Furthermore, companies in our industry and others may calculate or use APMs and non-IFRS measures differently, thus making them less useful for comparison purposes. For further details on APMs and Non-IFRS Measures, including its definition or a reconciliation between any applicable management indicators and the financial data presented in the consolidated financial statements prepared under IFRS, please see the 2020 Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on 26 February 2021, as well as the section "Alternative performance measures"

The businesses included in each of our geographic segments and the accounting principles under which their results are presented here may differ from the included businesses and local applicable accounting principles of our public subsidiaries in such geographies. Accordingly, the results of operations and trends shown for our geographic segments may differ materially from those of such subsidiaries.

Forward-looking statements

Santander advises that this presentation contains "forward-looking statements" as per the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be identified by words like "expect", "project", "anticipate", "should", "intend", "probability", "risk", "VaR", "RoRAC", "RoRWA", "TNAV", "target", "goal", "objective", "estimate", "future" and similar expressions. Found throughout this presentation, they include (but are not limited to) statements on our future business development, economic performance and shareholder remuneration policy. However, a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors may cause actual developments and results to differ materially from our expectations. The following important factors, in addition to others discussed elsewhere in this presentation, could affect our future results and could cause materially different outcomes from those anticipated in forward-looking statements: (1) general economic or industry conditions of areas where we have significant operations or investments (such as a worse economic environment; higher volatility in the capital markets; inflation or deflation; changes in demographics, consumer spending, investment or saving habits; and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic in the global economy); (2) exposure to various market risks (particularly interest rate risk, foreign exchange rate risk, equity price risk and risks associated with the replacement of benchmark indices); (3) potential losses from early repayments on our loan and investment portfolio, declines in value of collateral securing our loan portfolio, and counterparty risk; (4) political stability in Spain, the United Kingdom, other European countries, Latin America and the US (5) changes in legislation, regulations, taxes, including regulatory capital and liquidity requirements, especially in view of the European Union and increased regulation in response to financial crisis; (6) our ability to integrate successfully our acquisitions and related challenges



Important information

Numerous factors could affect our future results and could cause those results deviating from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements. Other unknown or unpredictable factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation and are informed by the knowledge, information and views available on such date. Santander is not required to update or revise any forward-looking statements, regardless of new information, future events or otherwise.

No offer

The information contained in this presentation is subject to, and must be read in conjunction with, all other publicly available information, including, where relevant any fuller disclosure document published by Santander. Any person at any time acquiring securities must do so only on the basis of such person's own judgment as to the merits or the suitability of the securities for its purpose and only on such information as is contained in such public information having taken all such professional or other advice as it considers necessary or appropriate in the circumstances and not in reliance on the information contained in this presentation. No investment activity should be undertaken on the basis of the information contained in this presentation. In making this presentation available Santander gives no advice and makes no recommendation to buy, sell or otherwise deal in shares in Santander or in any other securities or investments whatsoever.

Neither this presentation nor any of the information contained therein constitutes an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities. No offering of securities shall be made in the United States except pursuant to registration under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or an exemption therefrom. Nothing contained in this presentation is intended to constitute an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity for the purposes of the prohibition on financial promotion in the U.K. Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

Historical performance is not indicative of future results

Statements about historical performance or accretion must not be construed to indicate that future performance, share price or future (including earnings per share) in any future period will necessarily match or exceed those of any prior period. Nothing in this presentation should be taken a profit forecast.

Third Party Information

In particular, regarding the data provided by third parties, neither Santander, nor any of its administrators, directors or employees, either explicitly or implicitly, guarantees that these contents are exact, accurate, comprehensive or complete, nor are they obliged to keep them updated, nor to correct them in the case that any deficiency, error or omission were to be detected. Moreover, in reproducing these contents by any means, Santander may introduce any changes it deems suitable, may omit partially or completely any of the elements of this document, and in case of any deviation between such a version and this one, Santander assumes no liability for any discrepancy.



Index



H1'21 Highlights



- Net operating income up 13% YoY driven by the 8% increase in total income (volumes: +2% loans; +4% deposits; +18% mutual funds) and efficiency improvement
- Widespread growth across regions and businesses
- Greater revenue generation and improved efficiency driven by increased digitalization
- Strong digital adoption: 52% of sales through digital channels in H1'21 (44% in H1'20) and 45 million digital customers (+14% YoY)



- Q2'21 profit of EUR 2,067 mn. Excluding SRF contribution: +8% QoQ
- H1'21 Group attributable profit of EUR 3,675 mn¹ and H1'21 underlying profit of EUR 4,205 mn (+153% YoY)
- Increased profitability: underlying RoTE of 12.6% and underlying EPS of EUR 22.7 cents
- We announced an agreement to acquire Amherst Pierpont and a proposal to acquire the minorities SHUSA does not own (20%) in SC USA



- Cost of credit improved to 0.94%. Loan-loss reserves stood at EUR 24 bn, with a coverage ratio of 73%
- CET1 ratio of 12.11% with continued organic generation (7 bps in Q2'212). In addition, regulatory and models' impact (-24 bps)
- TNAVps increased 4% QoQ to EUR 3.98 as of June 2021

Broad-based growth in H1'21 while we focus on building a more resilient, inclusive and greener business



H1 underlying profit of EUR 4.2 billion, driven by solid net operating income growth (+13%¹ YoY) and lower cost of credit

		0/ about	
		% cnan	ge
H1'21	H1'20	Euros Con	stant euros
16,196	16,202	0	8
5,169	5,136	1	8
1,330	1,180	13	20
22,695	22,518	1	8
-10,377	-10,653	-3	3
12,318	11,865	4	13
-3,753	-7,027	-47	-42
-937	-997	-6	-2
7,628	3,841	99	123
4,205	1,908	120	153
-530	-12,706	-96	-96
3,675	-10,798	_	_
	16,196 5,169 1,330 22,695 -10,377 12,318 -3,753 -937 7,628 4,205 -530	16,196 16,202 5,169 5,136 1,330 1,180 22,695 22,518 -10,377 -10,653 12,318 11,865 -3,753 -7,027 -937 -997 7,628 3,841 4,205 1,908 -530 -12,706	16,196 16,202 0 5,169 5,136 1 1,330 1,180 13 22,695 22,518 1 -10,377 -10,653 -3 12,318 11,865 4 -3,753 -7,027 -47 -937 -997 -6 7,628 3,841 99 4,205 1,908 120 -530 -12,706 -96

H1'21 vs. H1'20	Underlying att. profit ¹ (EUR mn)	Contribution to Group's Underlying profit ³
Europe	1,426 +172%	27%
North America	1,628 +178%	31%
South America	1,645 +41%	31%
Digital Consumer Bank Digital Consumer Bank	569 +11%	11%



⁽²⁾ H1'21: restructuring costs (net of tax), corresponding mainly to the UK and Portugal. H1'20: adjustments to the valuation of goodwill & deferred tax assets and other

Positive customer revenue performance and continued LLP reduction drove profit increase QoQ excluding SRF contribution¹







Further improvement in cost of credit, with lower LLPs in most countries, notably Brazil, the US and the UK

Loan-loss provisions Constant EUR bn -41% vs. Q2'20 3.5 -13% 3.0 QoQ 2.6 2.0 1.7 Q1'20 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1'21 Q2

Credit quality indicators





Continued organic generation, which enabled us to maintain our solid capital position

CET1 ratio quarterly evolution





Note: as indicated by the consolidating supervisor, a pay-out of 50%, the maximum within the target range (40%-50%), has been assumed for the calculation of the capital ratios in 2021. Previously, 40% cash pay-out was considered

⁽¹⁾ Including -18 bps for potential shareholder remuneration equivalent to up to 50% of Q2'21 underlying profit

⁽²⁾ TRIM low defaults (-9 bps), SA-CCR (-11 bps)

Index

1

H1'21 Summary

2

Santander Business Model & Strategy 3

Capital

4

Asset Quality

5

Liquidity & Funding

6

Concluding Remarks





Our business model drives predictable and profitable growth

Our business model is based on three pillars

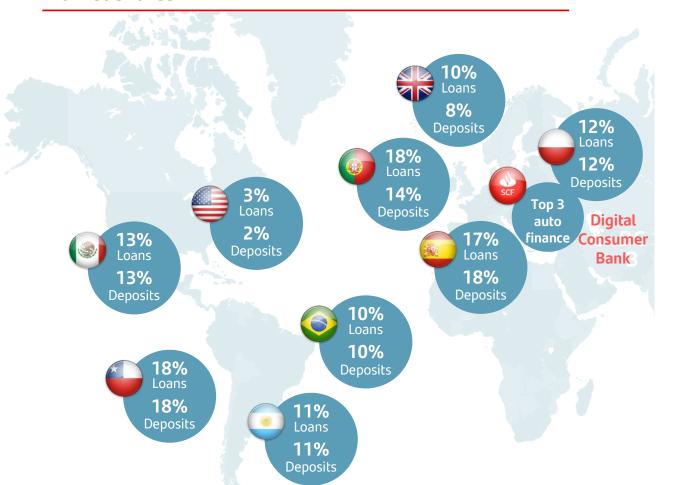




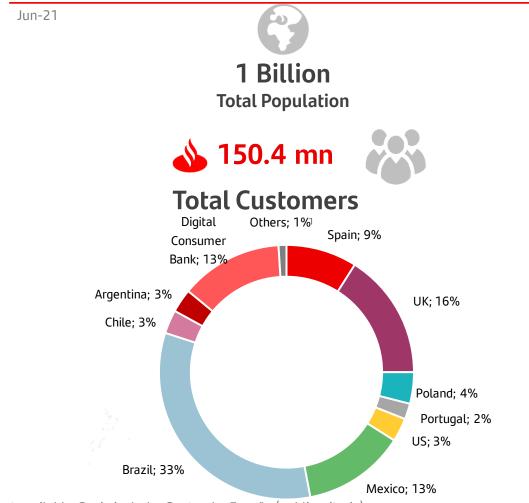
We have in-market scale in our core markets, with customers distributed across geographies with high growth potential



Market shares



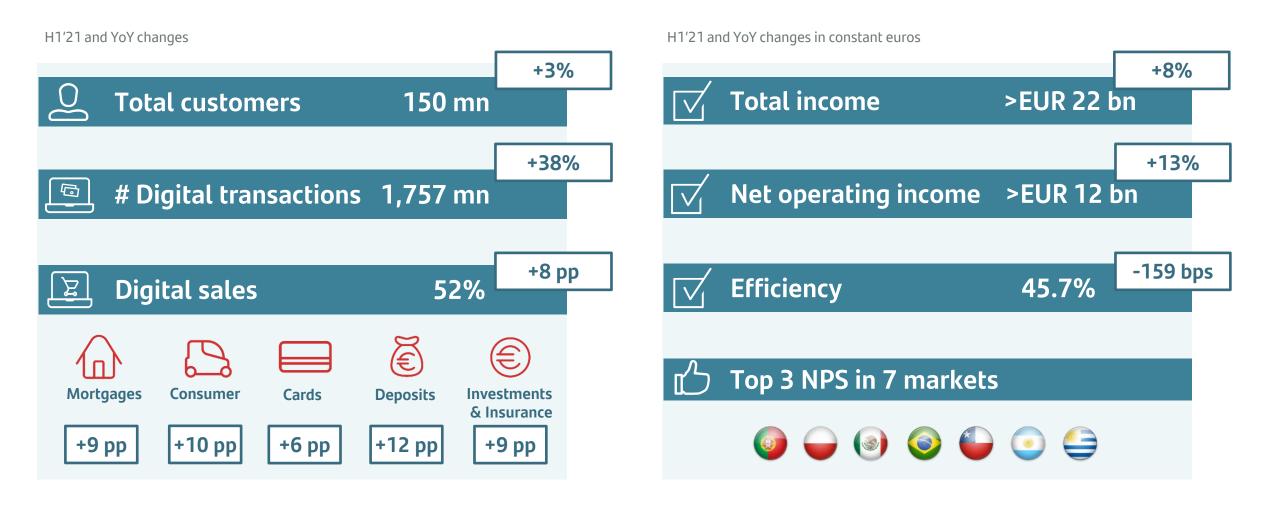
Customers distributed across geographies





Market share data: as at Mar-21 and Argentina, USA and Digital Consumer Bank latest available. Spain includes Santander España (public criteria) + Santander Hub Madrid + SCF España + Openbank and Other Resident sectors in Deposits. The UK: includes London Branch and SCF business in UK. Poland: including SCF business in Poland. The US: in all states where Santander Bank operates. Brazil: deposits including debenture, LCA (agribusiness notes), LCI (real estate credit notes), financial bills (letras financeiras) and COE (certificates of structured operations)

Greater revenue generation (+8% YoY) and improved efficiency driven by increased digitalization...





... and doing business in a more responsible and sustainable way...



Environmental



Ambition to be Net Zero by 2050

Founding Member of the Net-Zero Banking Alliance

We have set an specific target to strive to reduce emission intensity on power generation portfolio by 2030¹

Santander Green Bond Issuances

EUR 1 bn in H1'21

Santander has issued to date: 3 Green bonds (EUR 3 bn)

Green finance mobilized

EUR 8 bn in H1'21; EUR 42 bn since 2019 2025 goal: EUR 120 bn

Renewable project finance – H1'21 Global League tables position

#1 by deals
Top 3 by volume

In Bloomberg Clean Energy & Dealogic Wind, Renewables Fuel



Social



Santander finance for all: providing access, microfinance and financial education

Financially empowering people

1.1 mn in H1'21; 6.0 mn since 2019 2025 goal: 10 mn Microcredit

EUR 261 mn H1'21; EUR 1.2 bn since 2019



Governance



An independent and diverse Group Board

>60% Independent directors

40% Women

ESG metrics are part of our executive compensation bonus scorecard²

Including our public target on women in senior positions





- (1) Going from 0.23 tCO₂/MWh to 0.11 tCO₂/MWh
- (2) Also including contribution to the climate project, development of green finance and contribution to financially empowering people











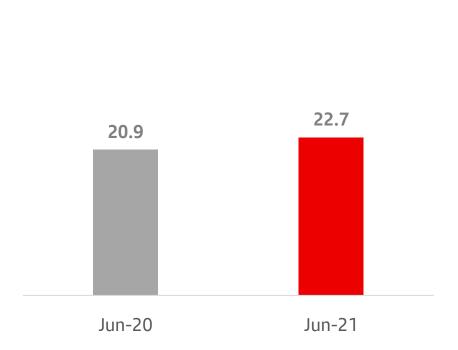
Total income, constant EUR mn

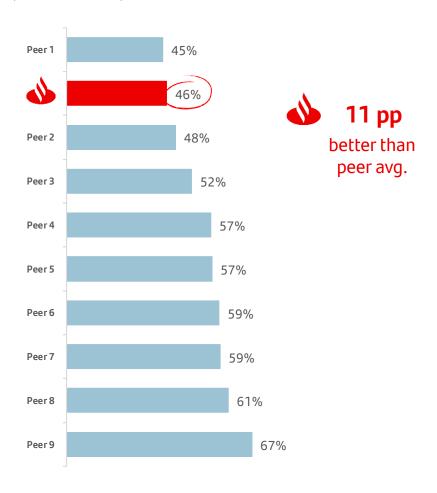
... improves operational excellence by helping to deliver resilient top line performance and increased cost savings

Resilient revenue despite covid-19 crisis...

...with one of the best cost-to-income among peers¹

Cost-to-income, Peer data Q1'21, Santander H1'21

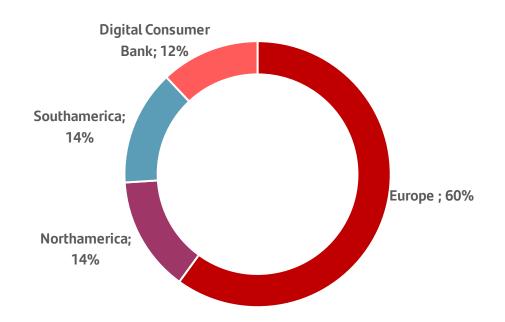




Our geographic and business diversification, coupled with our subsidiaries model...

Loans and advances to customers by area

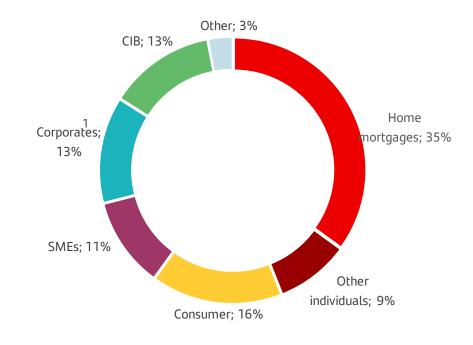
Breakdown of total gross loans excluding reverse repos, % of operating areas Jun-21



- ▶ Total gross loans excluding reverse repos: EUR 940 bn
- RWAs2: EUR 585 bn

Loans and advances to customers by business

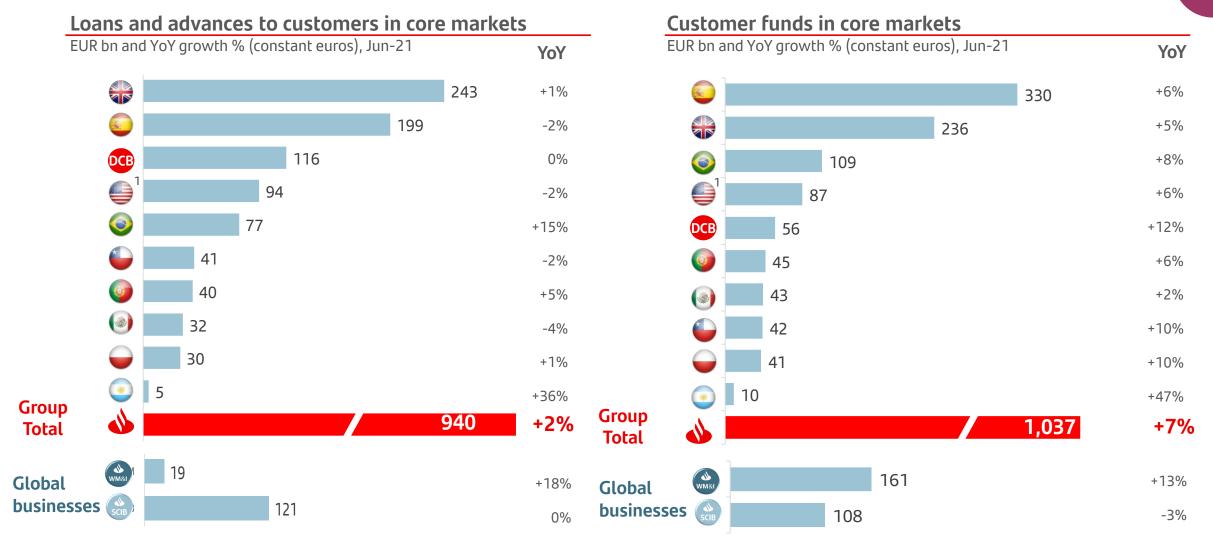
Breakdown of total gross loans excluding reverse repos, Jun-21



▶ 87% of loan portfolio is Retail, 13% Wholesale



... with balance sheet growth...





17

... support strong Group net operating income growth (+13%) ...

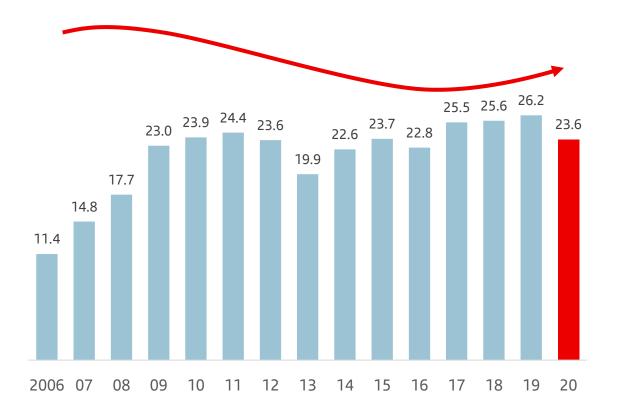
H1'21 vs. H1'20	Digital customers (mn)	Customer loans (EUR bn)	Customer deposits (EUR bn)	Net operating income (EUR mn)	Underlying att. profit (EUR mn)	Underlying RoTE
Europe	15.7	562	579	3,947	1,426	7%
	+6%	+1%	+3%	+37%	+172%	+4.5 pp
North	6.3	126	105	3,145	1,628	15% ²
America	+10%	0% ¹	+5% ¹	+2%	+178%	+8.8 pp
South	22.7	130	116	4,793	1,645	20%
America	+20%	+10%	+12%	+11%	+41%	+3.9 pp
Digital Consumer Bank Consumer Bank	0.7	116	54	1,392	569	12%
	+28%	0%	+9%	+2%	+11%	+1.5 pp



... which is resilient throughout the cycle

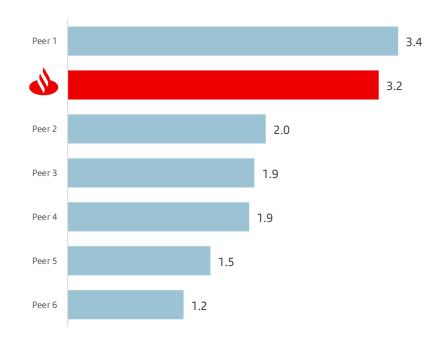
Resilient profit generation throughout the cycle

Group pre-provision profit, EUR bn



PPP/Loans well above most European peers¹

%, Peers Mar-21, Santander data Jun-21

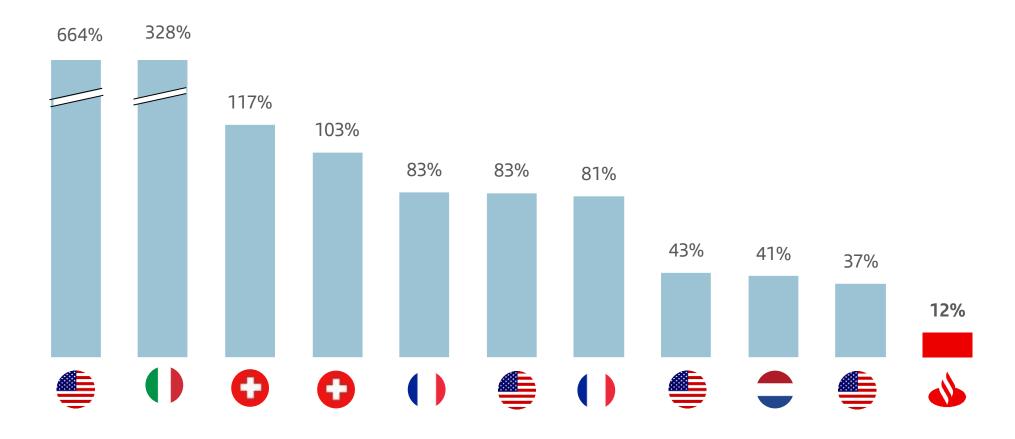




Moreover, our results show long-term stable and predictable growth

Predictable results with the lowest volatility among peers coupled with growth in earnings

Quarterly reported EPS volatility¹, 1999-Q1'21







1

High RoRWA organic growth

Primarily in **Americas**

2

Fee income businesses

SCIB, Wealth Management, Payments Software 3

Santander of Tomorrow

One Santander,
PagoNxt and Digital
Consumer Bank

EPS + TNAVps growth

Dividend growth



Index



H1'21 Summary



Santander **Business** Model & Strategy



Capital



Asset Quality



Liquidity & **Funding**



Concluding Remarks



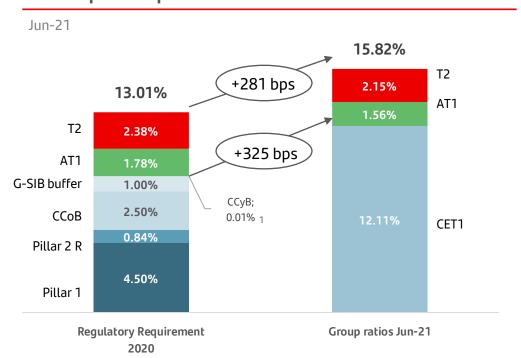
Glossary





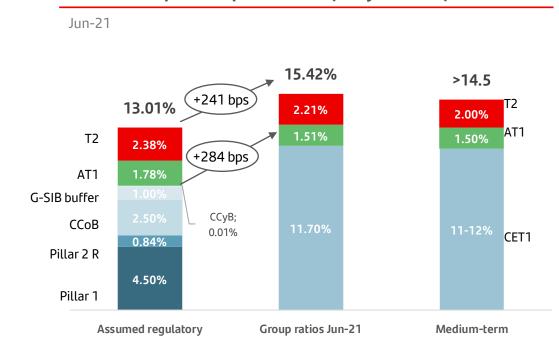
Santander's capital levels, both phased-in and fully loaded, exceed minimum regulatory requirements

SREP capital requirements and MDA*



- Following regulatory changes in response to the COVID-19 crisis, the minimum CET1 to be maintained by the Group is 8.86% (was 9.69% prechanges)
- As of Jun-21, the distance to the MDA is 281 bps² and the CET1 management buffer is 325 bps

Assumed capital requirements (fully-loaded)



AT1 and T2 issuance are planned to be zero to target 1.5% and 2% of RWAs respectively assuming constant RWAs



^{*} The phased-in ratio includes the transitory treatment of IFRS 9, calculated in accordance with article 473 bis of the Regulation on Capital Requirements (CRR) and subsequent amendments introduced by Regulation 2020/873 of the European Union. Additionally, the Tier 1 and total phased-in capital ratios include the transitory treatment according to chapter 2, title 1, part 10 of the aforementioned CRR.

requirement 2020

target ratios

⁽¹⁾ Countercyclical buffer.

⁽²⁾ MDA trigger = 3.25% - 0.22% - 0.23% = 2.81% (22 bps of AT1 and 23 bps of T2 shortfall is covered with CET1).

Strong fundamentals for AT1 bond holders

Distance to trigger¹

- Santander Group's CET1 levels are well above the minimum loss absorption trigger of 5.125%: >EUR 40 bn
- The first line of defense is the Group's strong pre-provision profitability providing a high capacity to absorb provisions during the crisis and should continue to underpin the Group's earnings generation capacity

MDA

- As of Jun-21, the distance to the MDA is 2.81%²
- Targeting a comfortable management buffer, in line with Santander's business model and predictable results

ADIs

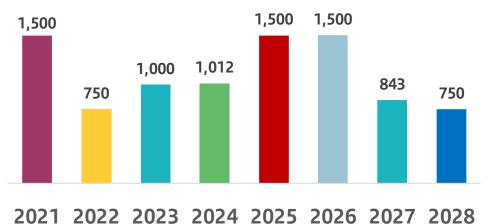
- Santander Parent Bank has **EUR 55 bn in Available Distributable Items**, best-in-class.
- This amount of ADI represents >120 times the full Parent AT1 cost budgeted for 2021
- Santander has never been prohibited from making a Tier 1 payment or dividend due to insufficient ADIs. Santander has never cancelled the payment of coupons of any of its Tier 1 securities

AT1 issuances distributed by call date

AT1 issuances outstanding at Jun-21

						Reset
EUR mn	Currency	Nominal EUR	Coupon	Structure	Next call date	Spread
Banco Santander S.A.	EUR	1,500	6.25%	PNC7	11-Sep-21	564 bps
Banco Santander S.A.	EUR	750	6.75%	PNC5	25-Apr-22	680.3 bps
Banco Santander S.A.	EUR	1,000	5.25%	PNC6	29-Sep-23	499.9 bps
Banco Santander S.A.	EUR	1,500	4.75%	PNC7	19-Mar-25	409.7 bps
Banco Santander S.A.	USD	1,012	7.50%	PNC5	8-Feb-24	498.9 bps
Banco Santander S.A.	EUR	1,500	4.38%	PNC6	14-Jan-26	453.4 bps
Banco Santander S.A.	USD	843	4.75%	PNC6	12-May-27	375.3 bps
Banco Santander S.A.	EUR	750	4.13%	PNC7	12-May-28	431.1 bps

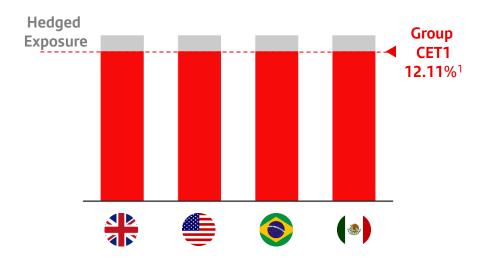
Call date





FX hedging policy on capital ratio and P&L...

Stable capital ratio hedge



- Managed to mitigate FX volatility in our CET1 ratio
- Based on Group regulatory capital and RWAs by currency

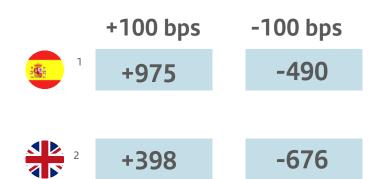
Our P&L Policy

- Strategic management of the exposure to exchange rates on equity and dynamic on the countervalue of the units' annual results in euros
- Mitigate impact of FX volatility
- Corporate Centre assumes all hedging costs

... and interest rate risk hedging

Mostly positive interest rate sensitivity

Net interest income sensitivity* to a +/-100 bp parallel shift EUR mn, May-21

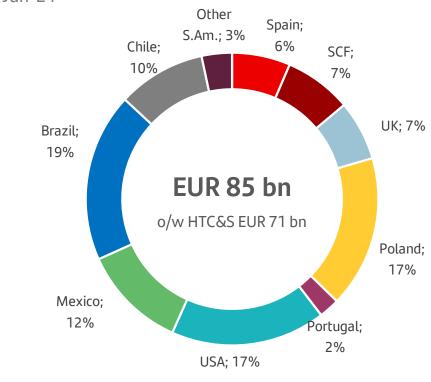






ALCO portfolios reflect our geographic diversification

Distribution of ALCO portfolios by country %, Jun-21





⁽¹⁾ Parent bank

⁽³⁾ SBNA. SC USA has positive sensitivity under a -100 bp shift scenario

Index

H1'21 Summary

Santander **Business** Model & Strategy

Capital

Asset Quality

Liquidity & **Funding**

Concluding Remarks







Improved cost of credit driven by lower LLPs in most countries, particularly in the US and Brazil

Credit quality ratios





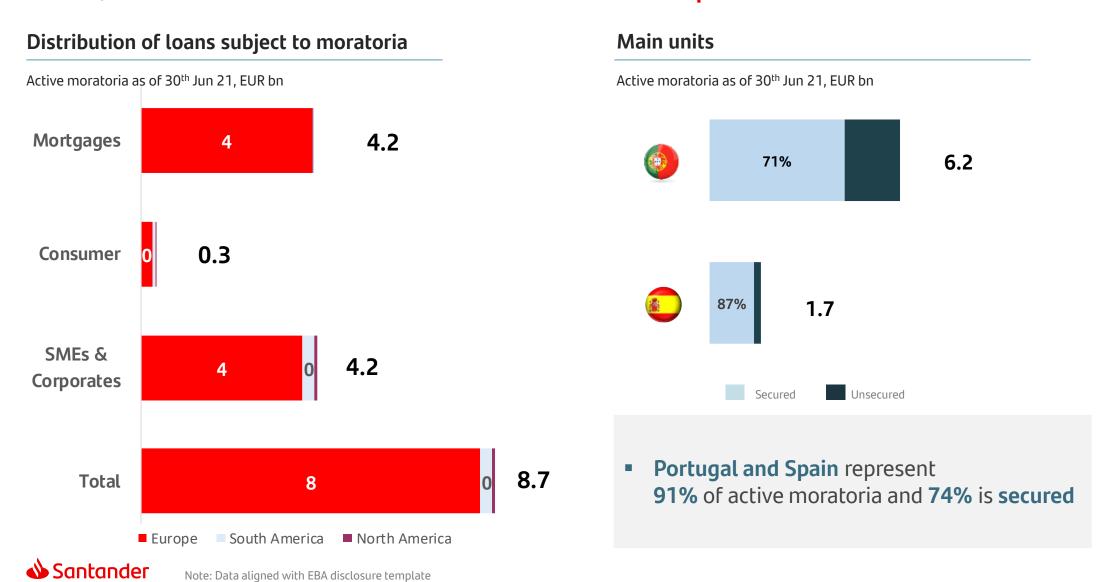
NPL ratios by country

%		Q2 2020	Q2 2021
	Spain	6.55	6.22
	UK	1.10	1.30
	Poland	4.57	4.58
	Portugal	4.43	3.71
	US	1.49	2.00
	Mexico	2.50	3.10
	Brazil	5.07	4.55
	Chile	4.99	4.57
	Argentina	3.15	3.34
	DCB	2.31	2.18

Cost of credit ratios by country

%		Q2 2020	Q2 2021
	Spain	0.68	1.00
	UK	0.22	0.09
	Poland	0.96	0.88
	Portugal	0.30	0.41
	USA	3.30	1.34
	Mexico	2.95	2.74
	Brazil	4.67	3.51
	Chile	1.46	1.07
	Argentina	5.67	3.94
	DCB	0.74	0.64

92% of moratoria has expired, with only 5% at stage 3. From the 8% still active, 71% is secured and most of it is in Europe



Index

1

H1'21 Summary

2

Santander Business Model & Strategy 3

Capital

4

Asset Quality

5

Liquidity & Funding

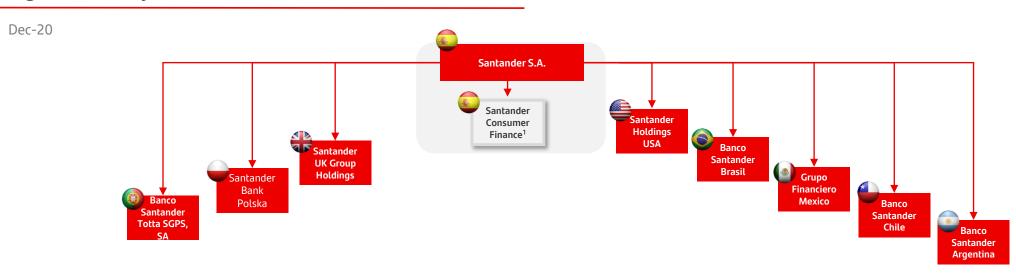
6

Concluding Remarks Glossary



The Group's business model combines local knowledge with global best practices through legally, financially and operationally autonomous subsidiaries...

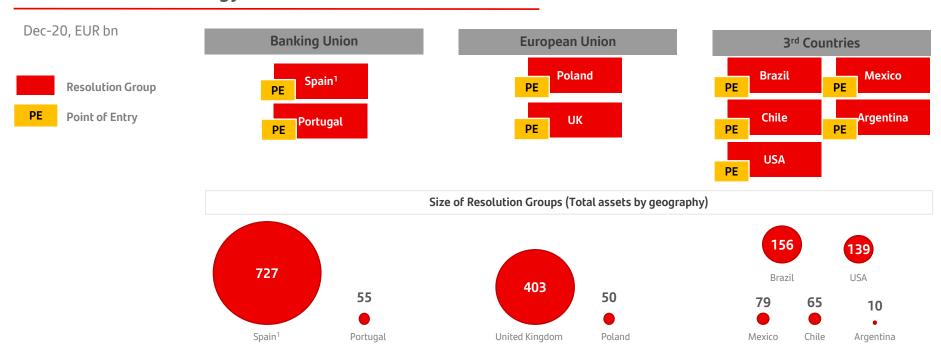
Legal autonomy structure



- Legal autonomy: There are no legal commitments that entail financial support
- Financial autonomy: Financial interconnections are limited and at market prices
- Operational autonomy: Shared services are limited and carried out through autonomous factories. Access to FMIs through other Group entities is very limited

... divided into different resolution groups that can be resolved separately though multiple entry points

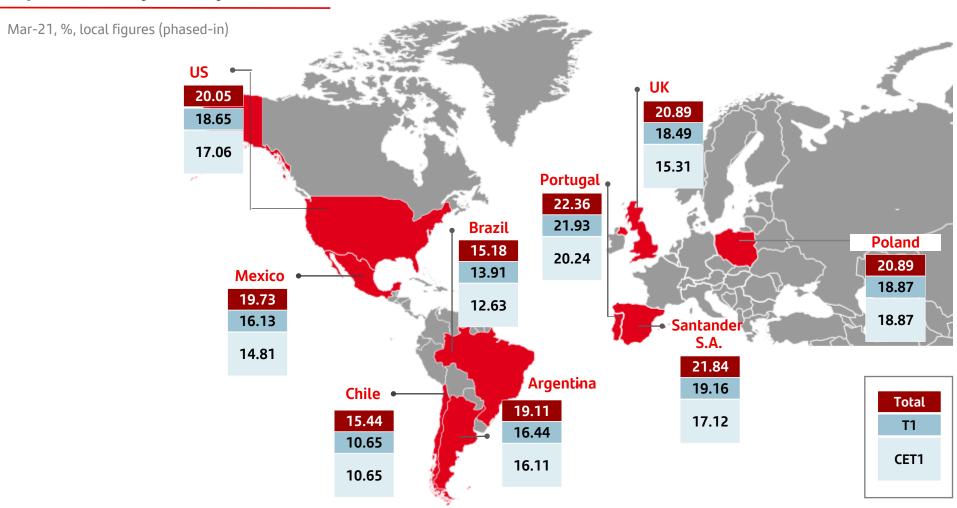
MPE resolution strategy



- We have defined the Resolution Groups (RGs) mirroring the model of autonomous financial groups so that all entities have been assigned to one RG
- Each RG comprises the entity identified as the entry point in resolution and the entities that belong to it

Santander follows an autonomous capital and liquidity model

Capital ratios by country



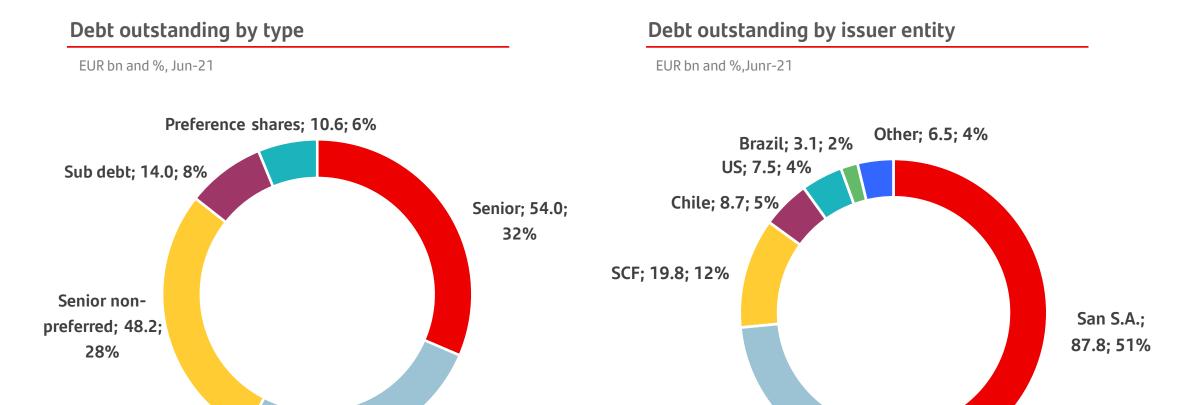


Santander's liquidity management is based on the following principles

- Decentralised liquidity model
- ▶ Needs derived from medium- and long-term activity must be financed by medium- and long-term instruments
- ▶ High contribution from customer deposits, due to the retail nature of the balance sheet
- Diversification of wholesale funding sources by instruments/investors, markets/currencies and maturities
- Limited recourse to wholesale short-term funding
- Availability of sufficient liquidity reserves, including the discount window / standing facility in central banks to be used in adverse situations
- Compliance with regulatory liquidity requirements both at Group and subsidiary level, as a new conditioning management factor



Stock of issuances shows diversification across instruments and entities



UK; 38.2; 22%



Covered bonds; 44.7; 26%

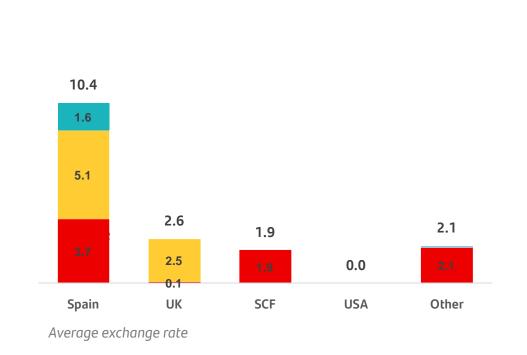
EUR bn, Jun-21

Conservative and decentralized liquidity and funding model

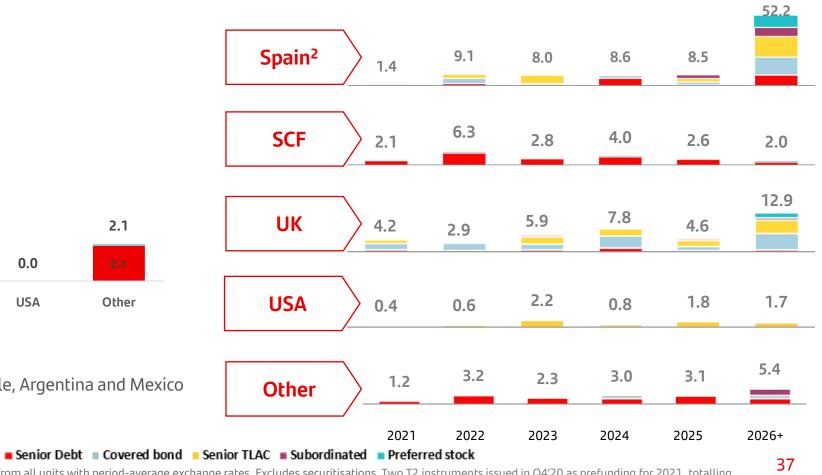
EUR 8.8 bn¹ issued in public markets in Q2'21

EUR bn, Jun-21

Very manageable maturity profile



Other includes issuances in Brazil, Chile, Argentina and Mexico





Santander
(1) Data includes public issuances from all units with period-average exchange rates. Excludes securitisations. Two T2 instruments issued in Q4'20 as prefunding for 2021, totalling EUR 2.3 billion, are not included.

⁽²⁾ Includes Banco Santander S.A. and Santander International Products PLC Note: preference shares also includes other AT1 instruments.

Issuances YTD against funding plan

2021 Funding plan and issuances

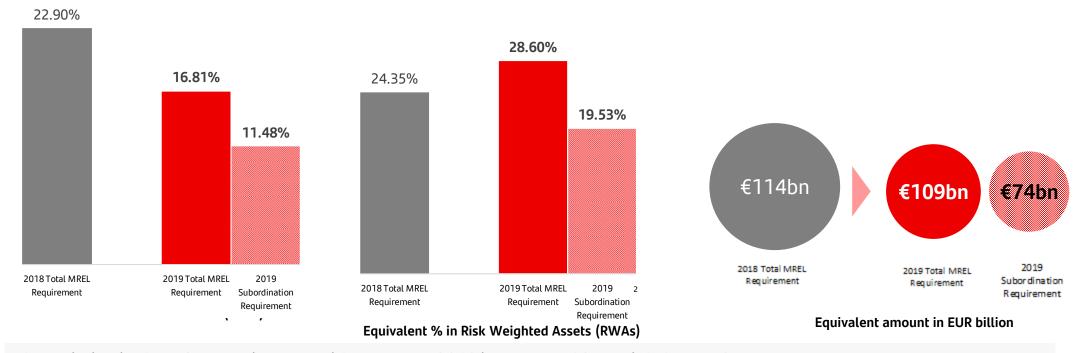
EUR bn, Jun-21	on, Jun-21		ferred + Snr	Hyl	brids	Covered	l Bonds	тот	TOTAL	
			Issued	Plan	Issued	Plan	Issued	Plan	Issued	
	Santander S.A	8-10	8.1	2-3	3.9 ¹	-	-	10-13	12.0	
	SCF	3-4	1.9	-	-	0-1	-	3-5	1.9	
	UK	2.5-3.5	2.6	-	-	-	-	2.5-3.5	2.6	
	SHUSA	3-4	-	-	-	-	-	3-4	-	
	Other ²	2.5-3.5	2.1	0-0.5	-	-	0.1	2.5-4	2.1	
	TOTAL ²	19-25	14.6	2-3.5	3.9	0-1	0.1	21-29.5	18.6	

Banco Santander S.A.'s 2021 funding plan contemplates the following:

- The Financial Plan is focused on covering TLAC/MREL requirements, with no secured issuances, to:
 - continue building up TLAC/MREL buffers.
 - pre-finance senior non-preferred / senior preferred transactions which lose TLAC eligibility due to entering in the <1 year window.
 - cover the increase in estimated RWAs which are the base of both requirements.



Santander S.A. MREL requirement¹



The variation in the MREL requirement with respect to 2018 is accounted for mainly by two factors:

- A change in the scope of consolidation of the Resolution Group, which now includes new companies
- A modification in the calculation of capital consumption due to equity risk

According to our estimates, the **Resolution Group complies with the new MREL requirement and the subordination requirement**. Future requirements are subject to ongoing review by the resolution authority

New MREL requirement based on BRRD II pending of formal communication by resolution authorities

Note: 2018 values as communicated 24/05/18, 2019 values as communicated 28/11/19.

(1) The Resolution Group comprises Banco Santander, S.A. and the entities that belong to the same European resolution group (Santander Consumer Finance. S.A.)

At 31 December 2017, the Resolution Group had risk-weighted assets amounting to EUR 379,835 million and TLOF amounting to EUR 646,233 million



(2) The SRB considers that the subordination requirement can be covered by non-subordinated instruments in an amount equivalent to 2.5% of risk-weighted assets, 1.47% in terms of TLOF, having considered the absence of material adverse impact on resolvability. If this allowance were taken into account, the requirement that would have to be covered by subordinated instruments would be 10.01% in terms of TLOF and 17.03% in terms of RWAs, using data as of December 2017 as a reference

TLAC ratios for the Resolution Group headed by Banco Santander, S.A.

TLAC Ratio

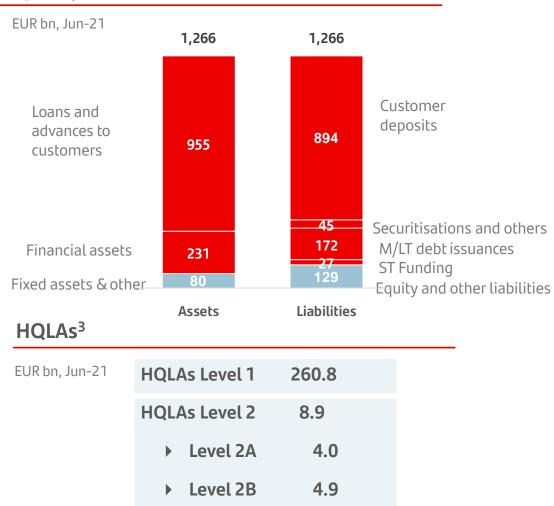
EUR mn	30 September 2020	31 December 2020	31 March 2021	30 June 2021 E
Own Funds	86,191	86,836	86,879	86,148
of which: Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital	70,829	69,451	69,594	69,043
of which: Additonal Tier 1 (AT1) capital	7,740	7,723	7,591	7,676
of which: Tier 2 (T2) capital	7,621	9,662	9,694	9,430
Eligible Liabilities	30,650	30,434	32,531	34,711
Subordinated instruments	860	964	1,120	2,817
Non preferred senior debt	22,912	22,540	24,352	24,730
Preferred senior debt and instruments with the same insolvency ranking	6,878	6,930	7,059	7,164
TLAC BEFORE DEDUCTIONS	116,841	117,270	119,410	120,860
Deductions	52,622	51,134	48,893	48,758
TLAC AFTER DEDUCTIONS	64,6219	66,136	70,517	72,102
Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs)	275,124	277,178	282,373	286,579
TLAC RATIO (% RWAs)	23.3%	23.9%	25.0%	25.2%
Leverage Exposure (LE)	635,439	632,194	689,334	672,990
TLAC RATIO (% LE)	10.1%	10.5%	10.2%	10.7%

- TLAC ratio increased in the second quarter of 2021 from 25% to 25.2% of RWAs (compared with the fully-loaded TLAC requirement of 21.5% as of
 January 2022 and the current requirement of 19.5 % as of June 2021) since the growth driven by instruments more than offset the increase in RWAs.
- The instruments before deduction have increased by EUR 1.45 bn, as the issuances carried out (AT1 (EUR 1.6bn) and SNP (EUR 1.8bn)) offset the loss of computability in the quarter (SNP: EUR 1.3 bn), the drop in the CET1 (EUR 0.5 bn) and the impact of exchange rates (EUR 0.2bn). Additionally, SP (EUR 1.7 bn) was issued in the quarter (without impact on the TLAC ratio, due to the cap on senior preferred debt).
- In the quarter, RWAs grew by EUR 4.2 bn, mainly due to the increase in credit risk under internal models, due to regulatory impacts (CCFs and SA-CCR).



Well-funded, diversified, prudent and highly liquid balance sheet (large % contribution from customer deposits), actively reinforced already strong LCR ratios following covid-19 crisis

Liquidity Balance Sheet



	Liquidity Co Ratio (I		Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)			
	Jun-21	Mar-21	Mar-21			
Spain ²	159%	176%	116%			
UK ²	146%	138%	130%			
Portugal	132%	133%	121%			
Poland	199%	222%	152%			
US	143%	156%	127%			
Mexico	167%	195%	130%			
Brazil	172%	162%	116%			
Chile	142%	136%	119%			
Argentina	352%	271%	189%			
SCF	490%	534%	117%			
Group	164%	173%	121%			



Note: Liquidity balance sheet for management purposes (net of trading derivatives and interbank balances)

- 1) Provisional data
- 2) Spain: Parent bank, UK: Ring-fenced bank
- (3) 12 month average, provisional data

The main metrics show the strength and stability of the Group's liquidity position

Evolution of key liquidity metrics¹

LTD and MLT funding metrics by geography

Junr-21

	2017	2018	2019	2020	Jun-21
Loans / net assets	75%	76%	77%	76%	75%
Loan-to-deposit ratio (LTD)	109%	113%	114%	108%	107%
Customer deposits and medium- and long-term funding / loans ²	115%	114%	113%	116%	116%
Short-term wholesale funding / net liabilities	2%	2%	3%	2%	2%
Structural liquidity surplus / net liabilities	15%	13%	13%	15%	16%
Encumbrance	28%	25%	24%	27%	27%2

		(Deposits + M/LI runding) /
_	LTD Ratio	Loans
Spain ³	76%	145%
UK	107%	108%
Portugal	94%	113%
Poland	80%	130%
USA	118%	118%
Mexico	91%	119%
Brazil	96%	117%
Chile	120%	105%
Argentina	57%	176%
DCB	209%	76%
GROUP	107%	116%

(Denosits + M/LT funding) /

Banco Santander S.A. ratings

	Moody's				S&P			Fitch		
	Rating	Date last	Direction	Rating	Date last change	Direction	Rating	Date last	Direction	
	Katilig	change	last change	Katilig		last change	Rating	change	last change	
Covered Bonds	Aa1	03/12/2019	-	-	-	-	AA	04/12/2019	↑	
Senior Debt	(P)A2	17/04/2018	\uparrow	Α	06/04/2018	\uparrow	Α	17/07/2018	↑	
Senior Non-preferred	Baa1	27/09/2017	\uparrow	A-	06/04/2018	\uparrow	A-	09/02/2017	Initial	
Subordinated	(P)Baa2	04/03/2014	\uparrow	BBB+	06/04/2018	\uparrow	BBB	27/03/2020	V	
AT1	Ba1	20/04/2017	\uparrow	-	-	-	BB+	27/03/2020	↑	
Short Term Debt	P-1	17/04/2018	\uparrow	A-1	06/04/2018	\uparrow	F2	17/07/2018	V	



Santander Parent & Subsidiaries' Senior Debt Ratings

	Moody's					S&F			Fitch			
	Rating	Date last change	Direction last change	Outlook	Rating	Date last change	Direction last change	Outlook	Rating	Date last change	Direction last change	Outlook
Group	(P)A2	17/04/2018	↑	STABLE	Α	06/04/2018	↑	STABLE	Α	17/07/2018	↑	STABLE
San UK PLC	A 1	20/10/2020	\uparrow	STABLE	Α	09/06/2015	\uparrow	STABLE	A+	01/03/2019	\uparrow	STABLE
San UK Group Holding PLC	(P)Baa1	16/09/2015	\downarrow	STABLE	BBB	10/04/2015	\uparrow	STABLE	Α	20/12/2019	\uparrow	STABLE
Santander Consumer Finance S	A2	17/04/2018	-	STABLE	A-	06/04/2018	-	STABLE	Α	28/10/2019	-	STABLE
Banco Santander Totta SA	Baa3	16/10/2018	\downarrow	STABLE	BBB	18/03/2019	\uparrow	STABLE	BBB+	21/12/2017	\uparrow	STABLE
Santander Holding US	Baa3	18/10/2016	\downarrow	STABLE	BBB+	06/04/2018	\uparrow	STABLE	BBB+	17/11/2017	\uparrow	STABLE
Banco Santander Mexico	Baa1	22/04/2020	\downarrow	NEG	-	-	-	-	BBB+	13/06/2012	\downarrow	STABLE
Banco Santander Chile	A1	27/07/2018	\downarrow	NEG	Α-	25/03/2021	\downarrow	STABLE	-	-	-	-
Santander Bank Polska	А3	03/06/2019	\uparrow	STABLE	-	-	-	-	BBB+	18/09/2018	Initial	STABLE
Banco Santander Brasil	Ba1	25/02/2016	\downarrow	STABLE	BB-	12/01/2018	\downarrow	STABLE	-	-	-	
Kingdom of Spain*	Baa1	18/09/2020	↑	STABLE	Au	20/09/2019	↑	NEG	Α-	19/01/2018	↑	STABLE



Index

1

H1'21 Summary

2

Santander Business Model & Strategy 3

Capital

4

Asset Quality

5

Liquidity & Funding

6

Concluding Remarks Glossary



Concluding Remarks

- ▶ The Group's stable capital generation has been supported by strong pre-provision profits providing Santander with a high capacity to absorb provisions
- Strong capital levels in line with Santander's business model based on geographic diversification, solid market positions in areas where it operates and independent subsidiary model in terms of capital and liquidity
- The Group is well above the regulatory capital requirement with significant payment capacity from available distributable items, while maintaining comfortable margins to conversion and MDA triggers
- According to June-21 data, the Santander S.A. Resolution Group complies with the MREL and subordination requirements,
 TLAC and Group capital buffers
- Comfortable liquidity position reinforced further: compliance with regulatory liquidity requirements established at Group and subsidiary levels ahead of schedule, with high availability of liquidity reserves



Index

1

H1'21 Summary

2

Santander Business Model & Strategy 3

Capital

4

Asset Quality

5

Liquidity & Funding

6

Concluding Remarks



Glossary



Glossary and Acronyms

- ADIs: Available distributable items
- bn: Billion
- **bps**: Basis points
- **BTL:** Buy-to-Let
- CCoB: Capital Conservation Buffer
- CCyB: Countercyclical buffer
- CET1: Common equity tier 1
- CIB: Corporate & Investment Banking
- Covid-19: Corona Virus Disease 19
- DGF: Deposit Guarantee Fund
- DPS: Dividend per share
- **EPS:** Earning per share
- FL: Fully loaded
- G-SIBs: Global Systemically Important Banks
- HTC: Held to collect portfolio
- HTC&S: Held to collect & sell portfolio
- **k**: thousands
- LTV: Loan-to-Value
- LLPs: Loan-loss provisions
- MDA: Maximum distributable amount
- **M/LT:** Medium- and long-term

- mn: Million
- MPE: Multiple Point of Entry
- MREL: Minimum Required Eligible Liabilities
- NII: Net interest income
- NPL: Non-performing loans
- PBT: Profit before tax
- P&L: Profit and loss
- **PPP:** Pre-Provision Profit
- QoQ: Quarter-on-Quarter
- RoRWA: Return on risk-weighted assets
- **RWA:** Risk-weighted assets
- RoTE: Return on tangible equity
- SCF: Santander Consumer Finance
- SMEs: Small and Medium Enterprises
- **SRB**: Single Resolution Board
- SRF: Single Resolution Fund
- ST: Short term
- **SVR:** Standard variable rate
- TLAC: Total Loss-Absorbing Capacity
- TNAV: Tangible net asset value
- YoY: Year-on-Year



Thank You.

Our purpose is to help people and businesses prosper.

Our culture is based on believing that everything we do should be:

Simple Personal Fair





